

LOUISVILLE COURIER.
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE
LOUISVILLE COURIER PRINTING CO.,
Under an Act of Incorporation granted by the
Kentucky Legislature.

OFFICE,
Green Street, next to Custom House,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Courier per year..... \$ 60
Daily Courier for any period less than one year..... 50
Daily Courier when delivered by carriers..... 50
Per week..... 3 00
One year..... 18 00
Two years & weeks, our year..... 36 00
Ten years..... 100 00

For paper ever sent under payables in advance.

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DAILY COURIER.

LOUISVILLE.

TUESDAY MORNING. MAY 2.

Arming the State.

He was an accredited representative of Kentucky to lay before the people of the South the exact state of affairs in that State; with the motives which had gone to form the Southern Confederacy, he was a Border State. He was proud to state that Kentucky had now shaken off the influences with which she had been fettered by those who had sought to bind her to the cause of her people, and she is now, in heart, as she will in a few days be in act, shoulder to shoulder with her sister States in the South.

He gave a glowing account of the cause of the South throughout the State, and assured the meeting that the West, and especially Kentucky, were units in the great question of Southern honor and Southern independence. He appealed for arms for the use of Kentucky. They were to be had at a nominal price, though abundantly able to purchase them, no opportunity had offered for their purchase. Mississippian had nobly responded to the call for arms, and had sent a large force to call for arms which he intended to make upon the Mayor of New Orleans and citizens of Louisiana would meet with the same spirit. We have every reason to furnish the Kentuckians, not one of the 30,000 troops it is supposed Lincoln intends to start from the mouth of the Ohio will ever get as far as Memphis.

The above is the report, very brief and without name, of some remarks made by Mr. L. BLACKBURN in New Orleans some days since.

We know not in what sense he spoke of himself as being "an accredited representative of Kentucky," but the purpose for which he said he was "accredited"—to lay before the people of the South the exact state of affairs in that [this] State, with the motives which had governed her in the course he had pursued as a Border State—indicated that he meant nothing more than that influential and honorable and well-known gentlemen here, his personal and political friends, had induced him to bring sufficiently well-informed to explain to our Southern brethren the somewhat anomalous and certainly humiliating position occupied by our State in the present crisis.

The term used is liable to construction; and that he could not justify none of the influences drawn from the following extract taken from the "Philadelphia North American," a leading Black Republican paper:

"It will cost us ten thousand dollars a month to keep them in the field, it is composed in good part of sedition and incendiary elements of Northern society, of which good soldiers can never be made; and whilst it is in the main unarmed, unequipped, and unprovided for, so as to fit for service, and capable only of dragging the coffers of the Northern Government and increasing the taxes on Northern trade and business."

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But we refer to this subject, not to defend the Governor, who is proof against the persistent attacks of the Journal, and that Mr. BLACKBURN, who has committed no offense, but to call attention to the object hopelessness of a cause which requires such support as the organ gives that it has exposed with so much zeal, and to suggest the real ground of complaint in this case.

Mr. BLACKBURN's statements in reference to the position of Kentucky, the feelings among her brave and loyal people at this time, and her future action will be imbibed by every unprejudiced well-informed man in the State.

Kentucky has shaken off the "unnerves" by which she had been fettered by those who did not reflect the true feelings of her people."

Kentucky has less fully aroused to a proper appreciation and understanding of the cause of the Southern and tyrannical purposes of the Journal, and the Black Republican party.

The people of Kentucky know now that the cause of one Southern State is the cause of all, and they are in heart and feeling with the South in resistance to Northern aggression and wrong-doing.

The people of Kentucky, having clung to the Union until it was forever destroyed by the people and the States of the North, and striven for peace while there was a hope that peace could be maintained, now that the "Yankee" has been forced upon them by the Administration, against their wishes, protests, and prayers, are "ready" for the only alternative offered by the North, and with heart and hand, and all the means that they can command, they will turn out to drive back the invader who stands now at the door preparing to trample under his foot their household gods.

We are told now by the people and those in authority in the Free States, that we cannot and should not interfere—but neutrality is treason—and that neutrals must expect the doom of traitors.

Only those who stand with neutrals, or blinded by the fiercest hatred of slaves, and the South, now fail to see that soon we must fight—fight in the ranks of the Northern army against our Southern brethren, or fight with the latter for our sisters, our fires, our lives, honor, and liberty, in a common cause against a common enemy.

Under this State of affairs, it would be the bounden and imperative duty of the Governor and others who can do ought to that end, to exert every effort to sum up the State; and a failure to discharge this duty would be the grossest, wildest treason against the Commonwealth.

And it is the duty of every good citizen to aid in the accomplishment of this end by voice and pen, with heart and hand; with his influence and his purse, if need be; and he who fails in this, or throws it into the way of others who would pre-pare the State for the hour of trial, is untrue to the Commonwealth, and a public enemy.

Arms cannot be obtained from the South; from those whom nature designed for our brethren, and whom circumstances have confirmed as such, or leave our unconquerable people to drive back the millions of usurpation and wrong with bounties, if need be, as was the case in Baltimore.

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And this is to them a matter of necessity.

The South must be subjugated, and the Southern people must be compelled to buy Northern manufactures so as to give work to the hundreds of thousands of unemployed in the Free States; or, the Southern people must be "wiped" from the face of the earth, and their property divided among the starving multitude of soil, cash, iron, timber, a man, a house, a tool, a tool, or whatever else he could lay hands on.

But finding the South not only not frightened, but more determined, the President has called out eighty-five thousand men, making a total of one hundred and fifty-eight thousand men entered into the field.

And this will, we haven't the slightest doubt, be promptly met; the men called for will be tendered to the Government; and one hundred and fifty-eight thousand just such troops as those described in the North American will be maintained by the Administration as long as the means can be adduced, at the rate of not less than TWENTY-FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS A MONTH, or about THREE HUNDRED MILLIONS A YEAR!

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Upon the head of this hell-born blight let the curse of Almighty God rest for the ruin it has wrought on us yet to work.

The Cincinnati Enquirer, which is now annually surrendered to the South, has sent the North, "invincible" the people of Kentucky to vote for neutralists for the Union; candidates for delegates to a Border Slave State Conference.

Can anybody vote for a Black sectional?

The Journal attempts to discredit the report of the truly Southern speech recently delivered by Hon. John Bell, in Nashville, Tenn.

It is vain to "kick against the pricks."

That speech was reported simultaneously in the Union and American on 11th Gazette, Southern Rights papers, and the Banner and the Patriot, to that time Union papers, and the reports substantially true.

We published only the reports of the last two Union papers.

Mr. BISHOP, HENRY, and all the late Union leaders, occupy now the same position—for the South, the united and unconquerable South, against the North.

"Wipe Them Out."

This is the idea of the Administration.

It thinks the Slave States can be "wiped out"—the very boundary lines of the one obliterated, and the homes and the property of the other appropriated unto among the Southern Vandals, who are lured to their destruction by the satanic appeals of Northern demagogues!

This was the idea which ABRAHAM LINCOLN inscribed the powers confided to Congress by the Constitution he had sworn to protect and to preserve, and violated the laws he was under oath to execute, in calling out seventy-five thousand volunteers to hold, occupy, and possess" the forts and public property in the Confederate states.

It was vainly hoped that such an army would frighten the South into submission.

It was vainly and foolishly hoped that the coming of the fast down "firmly" would intimidate millions of frenzied, whose ancestors fought at Yorktown, the Cowpens, Etc., etc., Ninety Six, and at Charleston, in the war of Independence, into a surrender of their birthright and inheritance.

This tyrannical exercise of usurped power was approved by the people of the North, and the troops—"militia"—called for, were soon offered, but the South manifested no disposition to fly the field. On the contrary, Virginia at once came into the new Confederacy, and North Carolina, Tennessee, and Arkansas gave notice of their going. Kentucky, Missouri, and Maryland, we believe, will soon be by the side of their Southern sisters.

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A tolerably correct idea of the material of which this army is composed, and the condition it is in, may be formed from the following extract taken from the "Philadelphia North American," a leading Black Republican paper:

Liver Intelligence.

LOUISVILLE.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 2.
BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Particulars see Steamboat Advertisements
TELEGRAPH NO. 3, Cincinnati,
T. H. COOPER, Proprietor,
R. M. PATTON, Bernard, Florence,
CINCINNATI NO. 8, Louisville,
K. N. STRADER, Carrollton.

ARRIVALS, May 1.

SAFETY, 100 ft., Henderson
W. W. Crawford, Capt., Masonic Gr. Memphis
Dove, Ky river.

DEPARTURES.

Superior, Capt., Grey Eagle, Henderson
J. W. Hallinan, Pilot, John Rainey, N. S.
Dove, Ky river.

The River was falling very rapidly yesterday, when we saw 7 ft. water in the river, and 10 ft. in the fall. On the falls there were five feet in the pass. During the previous 24 hours the river had fallen two inches at each of the falls, and six inches at Portland. The weather continues clear and pleasant.

At Cincinnati the water was still falling, having fallen four feet during the 24 hours, and 12 feet yesterday.

At Pittsburg there were six feet three inches water in the channel by the mark and at a station of railroads.

The weather was cloudy with intervals of rain.

The Pocahontas due from St. Louis yesterday morning with 600 muskets for this place, had not arrived at a late hour, and the men were still on board, and roached by the Lincoln highwaymen who are stationed at Cane to blockade the commerce of the Mississippi.

A new Capt., Mr. W. Crawford, a noted steamboat man, arrived at the wharf yesterday, his first appearance. She is of novel construction, especially the smoke-pipe. The engine is built on the principle of the screw propeller. They were built by Mr. Latta, of Cincinnati, and the owners on the boat, and owners, we believe, have been connected with the fire department.

The arrival of this boat is remarkable, this boat is remarkably light, less than 100 bushels of coal being used to burn her from end to end.

The ship is the last runner of this city, one of the owners of the boat.

We are now at the wharf ready for a trip to any paying point.

24th Special despatches up to Tues-

day evening we learn "that no boats or busses going South had been interrupted or delayed. The Atlantic, for New Orleans, with an immense cargo of provisions, was already published, passed down safety.

The Commercial, Capt. Archer, home for Memphis, got all right with her, and the steamer, and was Memphis yesterday morning.

The Leslie Combs, the Kentucky river packet, is just now engaged to tow coal to points along that stream.

The Superior, another appearance.

25th The boat, the Cincinnati, mail boat in place of the Jacob Steiner.

The J. W. Hallinan, the boat that lodged on the wharf at the head of the canal was off, at night, yesterday morning.

26th The mob at Cincinnati, Tuesday, took from the mail boat a few cans of chloride of lime, destined for this port.

We understand that the applicator and manufacturer of lime is at the head of the mobites at Cincinnati.

The Dove, from Kentucky river yesterday, had heavy consignments of wheat and tobacco.

The Queen of the West has been laid up at Cincinnati. She is the boat that was detained at Alrena, La.

The Bay City, which passed up last Tuesday night, left on sixty boxes of hemp, and tobacco, and hundred boxes of iron for Pittsburg.

The Mary, which is held at Helena, Ark., has on board the machinery of the R. J. Ward, which is congenital.

27th The boat, the Sunny Side, has been advanced, and at a late hour, to the market closing first at \$55.00 per hund.

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